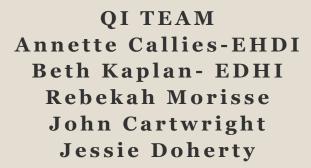
Alaska EDHI Quality Improvement Storyboard



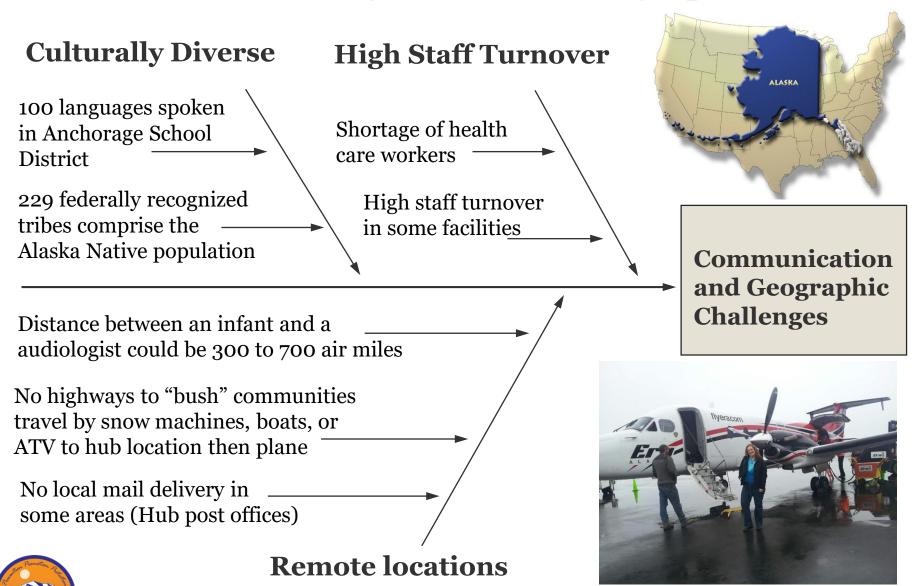
ALASKA DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH



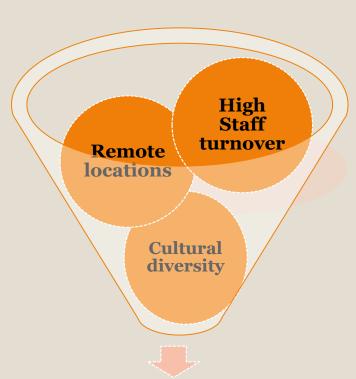
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Understanding Alaska's Demographics



Developing the Aim

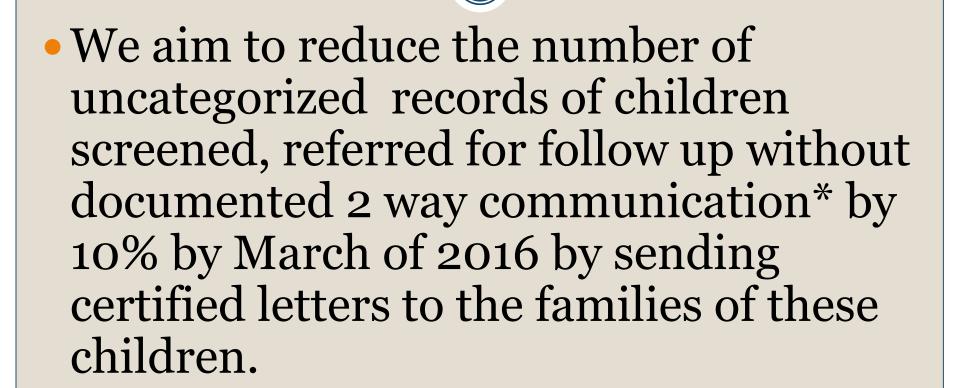


Opportunities for miscommunication

- When the EDHI team reviewed our statewide data in March of 2015 we noticed gaps that could lead to loss of communication.
- We decided to focus on LTFU/D at the diagnosis stage, specifically children that had a referral from screening and did not have documented two way communication.



AIM



*(population for the study defined in next slide)



Aim-Population for PDSA

- Historically, the population we are sending letters to have not returned for follow-up screening despite the best efforts of providers and the state.
- Certified letters were sent to families of infants who had been screened, referred for follow up and:
 - 1. The facility has lost contact with the family.
 - 2. Follow up with the PCP was unsuccessful.
 - 3. Missed appointments with no documented two-way contact
 - 4. Original non-certified follow-up letters to parents had not produced results:
 - 1. No known follow up from parents or
 - 2. The letter had been returned as undeliverable and a new address was located.

Measurement

- Data source EHDI-IS system OZ and spreadsheets tracking certified letters activity.
 - Certified letters contained educational material and screening follow-up information.
- This activity relates to LTFU goals by reducing LTFU at diagnosis stage.



Strategies – Remote definition

- The decision not to include remote locations in the initial mailing project was due to the following:
 - "Remote" locations in Alaska are communities that are not connected by road to metropolitan areas.
 - These small communities often only have mail delivery by small plane, subject to weather conditions.
 - o There is **no home mail delivery** in these communities.
 To get mail you travel ATV or snow machine, to a general store, which is available to send or receive mail a couple of hours a day.





Strategies

- During the study, when a letter was returned as undeliverable, the team checked for a current address in alternate databases:
 - Bureau of Vital Statistics (BVS)
 - Women, Infants and Children (WIC)
 - Alaska Medicaid
 - Permanent Fund Data Base
- If a new address was found, a new certified letter was sent to the new address.



PDSA #1



- 5 signed acknowledging receipt
- 1 returned unopened (2 additional attempts to send to new addresses made)
- 6 are pending

Additional information gained

- o 1 family had a screening after receiving a letter
- 1 family identified as living in a shelter
- 1 family living in a substance abuse treatment program



Strategies- Adapt

 Continue the current process and adapt by beginning to mail to rural locations as trial.





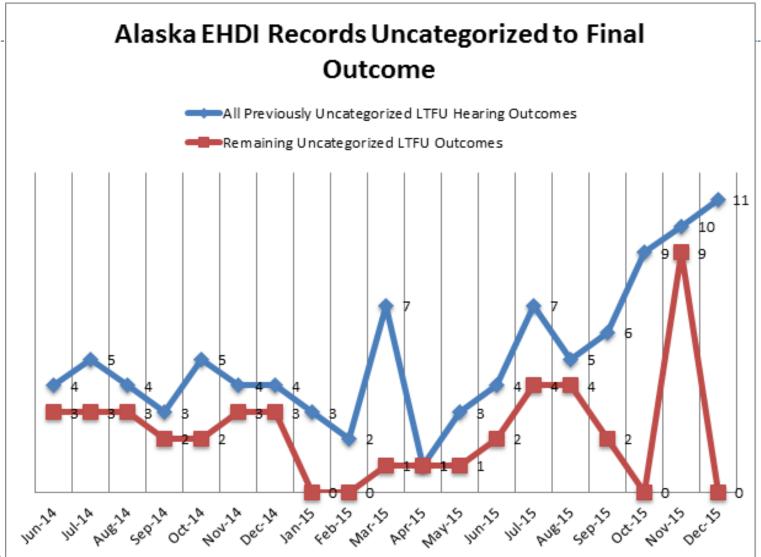
PDSA #2



- Starting 1/1/2016, 14 letters sent:
 - 5 signed acknowledging receipt
 - 4 returned unopened (2 additional attempts to new addresses made)
 - 5 are pending
- 64% of the families now have some form of resolution other than lost to follow-up
 - o In process 2 14%
 - Normal hearing 2 14%
 - Unresponsive 5 36%
 - o Loss to contact 5 36%



Measurement- The effect of the PDSA on the target population





Lessons Learned & Next Steps

- The decision was made to adopt this as a process statewide for the program.
- To date 31 letters have been sent.
- Continue to track addresses such as family shelters or treatment facilities for possible future activities.





Thank You

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